

AP U.S. History – Midterm Study Guide

Spring 2014

Final Exam Details

- Covers Ch. 23-35 (approx. 1877 – 1945)
- Written: 4 FRQs (you choose 2--topics in range of exam material)
 - o *FRQs taken from AP exams between 2000 and 2013*
- Multiple Choice: 45 questions – *MCs taken from AP Review Exams & Review Books*
- MC Portion – Wednesday, April 2nd // Written Portion – Thursday, April 3rd

Concepts/Terms you should know/be able to explain

(concepts are grouped under approx. years/topics – several concepts may be addressed in multiple chapters)

1877-1896: Hayes/Garfield/Arthur/Cleveland/Harrison: Gilded Age/Populism

- Methods of mass production developed
- Horatio Alger & “rags to riches” stories
- Carnegie/Gospel of Wealth
- Frederick Jackson Turner & frontier theory
- Sherman Anti-Trust Act’s initial use against unions
- Federal government treatment of Native Americans/Dawes Severalty Act
- Ghost Dance religious movement (why?)
- Vertical integration vs. horizontal integration
- Coxey’s Army of 1894/march on Washington D.C. (reasons for)
- Effect of railroads on western settlement
- Impact of tech innovations (factories/cities/farms)

1896-1901: McKinley: Election of 1896/Spanish-American War

- Controversy surrounding acquisition of the Philippine Islands
- “Cross of Gold” speech/William Jennings Bryan
- Open Door Policy w/ China

1901-1913: T. Roosevelt (TR)/Taft: TR Progressivism/Big-Stick Policy

- Muckrakers
- Progressive movement’s women leadership/involvement – Jane Addams/settlement
- W.E.B. Du Bois vs. Booker T. Washington
- Roosevelt Corollary
- Progressive movement belief in how an ideal society can be achieved
- Views of strikes/strikers by workers
- Dollar diplomacy
- Jacob Riis & documentation of urban life
- Roosevelt’s foreign policy (big stick/imperialism)
- Effectiveness of Progressive era reformers in addressing problems (govt/workplace/cities)

1913-1921: Wilson: Wilson Progressivism/World War I

- Committee on Public Information (CPI)
- A. Mitchell Palmer/Palmer Raids/Red Scare
- Wilson’s Fourteen Points/plan for peace
- U.S. home front during WWI
- Wilson’s foreign policy (spread of democracy)

(more on the back!)

1921-1929: *Harding/Coolidge/Hoover*: Red Scare/Jazz Age/Roaring 20s

- Harlem Renaissance – influential poets/artists
- Changes in the political status of women
- Coolidge's economic policies towards wealthy & corporations
- Hoover's response to the Great Depression
- National Origins Act of 1924
- Sacco & Vanzetti case/Ku Klux Klan (attitudes towards immigration)
- Origins & outcomes of cultural conflicts (immigration/prohibition/religion)

1929-1936: *Hoover/F. Roosevelt (FDR)*: Great Depression/New Deal

- New Deal Coalition ("New Deal Order")
- Civilian Conservation Corps
- Reason for African-American voters to switch from Republican to Democrat
- Dorothea Lange/migrant farmworkers/Dust Bowl
- Bonus Army of 1932/march on Washington D.C. (reasons for)
- Underlying causes of Great Depression

1936-1945: *F. Roosevelt (FDR)*: World War II

- Movements towards integration during wartime
- Bracero program
- Harry Truman's reasoning for using the atomic bomb on Japan
- Cult of domesticity vs. republican motherhood
- Rosie the Riveter campaign's effect on women
- Reasons for Japanese internment